

2026 - 2027

STUDENT CODE OF CONDUCT



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YAVAPAI COLLEGE
STUDENT CODE OF CONDUCT**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION I: INTRODUCTION	1
SECTION II: STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES.....	2
SECTION III: STUDENT RIGHTS.....	2
SECTION IV: CODE COVERAGE.....	2
SECTION V: SUPPORTIVE PROVISIONS.....	2
SECTION VI: CONDUCT VIOLATIONS SUBJECT TO DISCIPLINARY SAN CTIONS	3
SECTION VII: INITIAL STUDENT CONDUCT PROCEDURES.....	8
SECTION VIII: DISCIPLINE PROCEDURES FOR NON-ACADEMIC VIOLATIONS.....	9
SECTION IX: TEMPORARY ACTION OF INTERIM SUSPENSION	11
SECTION X: SANCTIONS	12
SECTION XI: APPEALS PROCESS FOR NON-ACADEMIC VIOLATIONS	13
SECTION XII: ACADEMIC VIOLATIONS	14
SECTION XIII: PENALTIES FOR ACADEMIC VIOLATIONS	15
SECTION XIV: APPEALS PROCESS FOR ACADEMIC DECISIONS.....	16
SECTION XV: DEFINITIONS.....	16
SECTION XVI: RECORDS	18

SECTION I: INTRODUCTION

Educational activities are ideally conducted in an environment that encourages reasoned discourse, intellectual honesty, openness to constructive change and respect for the rights of all individuals. Students voluntarily assume responsibility to meet these standards and expectations when they enroll at Yavapai College. This Code of Conduct (“Code”) is designed to promote and protect such an environment. The Student Conduct Officer educates students about the College’s standards and expectations, and when those standards and expectations are not met, seeks to hold students accountable for their choices leading to conduct incongruent with Yavapai College policies and procedures.

The primary purpose of this Code is to set forth the rules and standards of conduct expected of students and others who join the College community. The Code is intended to protect the College community, maintain order and stability, preserve the educational functions of the College, and outline the due process afforded all alleged actions.

SECTION II: STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES

Students assume responsibility for conduct compatible with the mission, standards, and expectations of Yavapai College. Students have the responsibility to:

- Respect the rights and property of others, including other students, faculty, and staff;
- Be acquainted with and follow published Yavapai College policies and procedures;
- Maintain a level of behavior which is consistent in supporting the learning environment of Yavapai College.

SECTION III: STUDENT RIGHTS

Students have the right to due process in regard to any complaint or disciplinary action brought against them. Yavapai College disciplinary procedures respect the due process rights of students. Students have the right to:

- A fair and impartial hearing;
- Notice of the misconduct being alleged;
- Notice of the evidence against them;
- Advanced notice of disciplinary meeting;
- The opportunity to present their side of the story.

SECTION IV: CODE COVERAGE

The Code shall apply to any student who engages in alleged misconduct on College owned or controlled property, or at any College activity that affects the operation or educational functions of the College.

Each student shall be responsible for his/her conduct from the time of first enrollment through the completion of his/her educational goals, even if such conduct occurs before classes begin or after classes end, as well as during the academic year and during periods between terms of actual enrollment (even if that conduct is not discovered until after a degree is awarded). The Code shall apply to a student's conduct even if the student withdraws from school while a disciplinary matter is pending. The Associate Vice President of Student Affairs or designee shall decide if the Code shall be applied to conduct occurring off campus, on a case-by-case basis.

The adoption of this Code does not prohibit the College from revising and updating the Code during the academic year or from adopting or maintaining additional policies, regulations or procedures, and nothing in this Code is intended to supersede the provisions of Yavapai College District Governing Board policy. Charges brought under the Code may be combined with additional Code or policy violations to resolve the matter as a whole. Disciplinary action by the College may proceed during independent criminal proceedings involving the same facts. The College may report any matter to local law enforcement as deemed appropriate.

SECTION V: SUPPORTIVE PROVISIONS

VICTIMS OF ALLEGED MISCONDUCT

Nothing in this Code of Conduct is intended to prevent a victim from reporting student behavior to law enforcement or seeking other legal remedies against another student accused of wrongdoing. Victims of alleged misconduct, including victims of sex discrimination, and sexual harassment or retaliation, will be provided with information regarding their rights, counseling, safety, and

confidentiality rules. For more information, contact the Title IX Coordinator (928-776-2211), or Associate Vice President of Student Affairs/Dean of Students (928-776-2128).

SELF-DEFENSE, AND DEFENSE OF OTHERS OR PROPERTY

A student will not be subject to discipline for using physical force to the extent reasonably necessary to protect themselves or another person against a third person's use of inappropriate physical force. Verbal comments alone do not justify the use of physical force. In addition, a student will not be subject to discipline under this Code of Conduct for using force reasonably necessary to prevent theft or criminal damage to property. Decisions concerning whether the use of force is reasonable, and the extent of force necessary, shall be determined using the objective standpoint of a "reasonable person" standard.

SECTION VI: CONDUCT VIOLATIONS SUBJECT TO DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS

The disciplinary regulations set forth in this section are intended to give general notice of prohibited behavior. The regulations should be interpreted broadly and are not designed to define all forms of misconduct in exhaustive terms. Any student found to have engaged in or to have attempted to engage in prohibited behavior, whether done intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly, is subject to disciplinary action. The list of prohibited behavior below is intended to alert students to certain types of conduct which will not be permitted and is not an exhaustive list of all behaviors which may result in discipline under this Code, up to and including suspension or expulsion. Likewise, respectful behavior and professional communication are expected of all Yavapai College students. Failure to treat faculty, fellow students, or others associated with the learning environment with respect may result in disciplinary action, up to and including suspension or expulsion from the College.

1. Under the Influence. Regardless of age, the College prohibits students, employees, visitors, and others from being impaired by alcohol, marijuana, whether recreational or medicinal, controlled or illegal drugs while on property occupied, owned, controlled or operated by the College or at any College sponsored activity.
2. Alcohol. The possession, consumption, use, manufacture, or distribution of alcoholic beverages on any College campus, College-owned property, or College-sponsored activity is prohibited unless expressly permitted by [Policy 10.02 \(Alcohol on Campus\)](#). This prohibition includes being in possession or presence of alcohol containers, alcohol paraphernalia or displaying empty alcohol containers.
 - a. Prescott Campus Residence Halls. The prohibition of alcohol stated above in this Section applies to all students, regardless of age, who reside at the Prescott Campus Residence Halls (Marapai Hall and Kachina Hall). Similarly, remaining in a room containing open, unopened, or empty containers of alcoholic beverages is prohibited even when a student is 21 years of age or older.
 - b. All Other Yavapai College Housing. Only students 21 years of age or older living in Yavapai College owned or controlled Housing (specifically excluding the Prescott Campus Residence Halls) may possess or consume alcohol or have alcohol containers inside their residence. Student residents and their visitors 21 years of age or older may only possess and consume Alcohol inside the residence and not in the presence of other persons under the legal drinking age, including assigned roommates or family members. Alcohol may not be

consumed in common areas unless expressly permitted by [Policy 10.02 \(Alcohol on Campus\)](#).

3. Drugs, Controlled Substances, or Paraphernalia. Unauthorized possession, use, sale, distribution, transportation, or possession for purposes of distribution of any illegal, or controlled substance, or imitation controlled substance, is prohibited on any College campus or at a College-sponsored activity. Drug paraphernalia including, but not limited to bongs, pipes, and/or roach clips are also prohibited on any College campus or at a College-sponsored activity.
 - a. Marijuana Prohibited. As an institution receiving federal funding, Yavapai College is bound by federal law which considers marijuana an illegal drug. Marijuana is defined as the psychoactive drug rendered from the leaves and flowering tops of a cannabis plant, including by-products containing tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) such as cannabis vaping products, edibles, tinctures, hash oil or hashish. The term “marijuana” also includes the definitions set out at A.R.S. §§ 36-2801(10) and (17) and 36-2850(16), (17) and (20). The College prohibits the possession, use, sale, distribution, consumption, transfer, display, transportation, or cultivation of marijuana, whether recreational or medicinal, on any College campus, in any College residence hall or at any College sponsored activity.
4. Bullying. Repeated or aggressive behaviors that reasonably intimidate or intentionally harm or control another person physically or emotionally and are not protected by free speech.
5. Hazing. Any activity which endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a student, or which destroys or removes public or private property, for the purpose of initiation, admission into, affiliation with, or as a condition for continued membership in a group or organization is prohibited. The express or implied consent of the victim will not be a defense. For further information, please review State Law, [A.R.S. § 13-1215](#).
6. Threats, Intimidation, Coercion, and Abuse. Threatening, intimidating, coercive, or abusive behavior directed toward faculty, staff, students, or others associated with Yavapai College is prohibited. This includes any conduct that endangers or is likely to endanger a person’s health or safety and would reasonably cause a person to feel at risk. This provision applies to conduct occurring in person, or through electronic, written, oral or other means.
 - a. Threatening and intimidating behavior includes, but is not limited to, behavior involving an expressed or implied threat to interfere with an individual’s personal safety, academic efforts, employment, or participation in College-sponsored activities, where such behavior causes a reasonable person to fear that harm is imminent.
 - b. Coercion is defined as the use of force, threats, intimidation, or improper pressure to compel a person to act, refrain from acting, or make a decision against their will.
 - c. Abuse can take several forms:
 1. Physical abuse is intentional or reckless conduct that causes, attempts to cause, or creates a substantial risk of bodily injury to another person.
 2. Verbal abuse includes, but is not limited to, threats, intimidation, severe insults, or aggressive language directed at another individual.

3. Emotional abuse includes conduct intended to frighten, humiliate, control, or distress another individual.
- d. This provision also prohibits targeted abusive conduct, which is severe or repeated conduct directed at a specific person that is intended to cause, or would reasonably be expected to cause, emotional distress or interference with the person's ability to work, learn, or participate in College programs, activities, or services. In determining whether conduct rises to the level of targeted abusive conduct, the College will consider the totality of the circumstances, including the nature, severity, frequency, and duration of the conduct; whether the conduct was directed at a specific person; and the context in which the conduct occurred.
- e. A student exhibiting behavior involving threats or significant disruptive conduct impacting the safety or well-being of any College community member may be required, as a temporary measure, to participate in a Violence Risk Assessment ("VRA") meeting. VRAs are intended solely to evaluate potential risk and promote safety. This also applies to situations in which a student presents a direct threat of harm to themselves.
- f. Students alleged to have engaged in threats, intimidation, coercion, or abuse may be placed on immediate interim suspension pending investigation and resolution under the student conduct process.
- g. This provision does not prohibit speech or expression protected by the First Amendment. Speech is not prohibited solely because it expresses an unpopular, critical or controversial viewpoint.
7. Prohibited Harassment. Any behavior toward another person that is offensive, demeaning, insulting, hostile, or persecuting based upon a person's status protected under federal or state law or College policy including sex, color, race, religion, national origin, age, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, veteran status, citizenship status, genetic information, or other legally protected status. Harassment may occur in the form of unwelcome conduct that is sufficiently severe, or pervasive that alters the academic or work environment and creates a hostile environment. This applies to prohibited conduct that occurs both on and off campus. [Policy 10.08](#) further explains prohibited harassment and how the College responds to such harassment. Additionally, [Policy 10.05](#) explains the grievance procedures utilized to resolve such complaints.
8. Sexual Harassment. Any unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature that interferes with a student's ability to learn, work, or participate in College programs or activities. This may involve verbal, nonverbal, or physical behavior occurring in person, online, or through other forms of communication. Examples include, but are not limited to, unwelcome sexual advances, sexually suggestive comments, or physical contact of a sexual nature that creates a hostile, intimidating, or offensive environment.
9. Title IX Sexual Harassment, Discrimination and Retaliation. Title IX sexual harassment includes sexual assault, dating violence, domestic partner violence and stalking, as well as discrimination or harassment as defined under Title IX federal regulations. See [Policy 10.14](#) which further describes conduct prohibited under Title IX, how to file a Title IX complaint, how the College will respond, what resources are available to support students, and the grievance procedures utilized to resolve Title IX complaints.

10. Unlawful Discrimination. Yavapai College prohibits unlawful discrimination and discriminatory harassment. The College is committed to fostering a learning and working environment that is free from harassment and discrimination for all students and employees. Appropriate action will be taken to prevent, address, and, when necessary, discipline behavior that violates this policy. Disciplinary measures may include sanctions up to and including expulsion from enrollment. See [Policy 10.06](#).
11. Disruptive Conduct. Interfering with normal Ordinary College Operations or College-sponsored activities or services, including, but not limited to studying, teaching, learning, research, administration, disciplinary proceedings, recreation, food service, and fire, police, or emergency services.
12. Misuse of College Property or Services. Attempted or actual theft, damage, unauthorized possession and/or misappropriation of property or of services of the College or of a member of the College community, or other personal or public property, on or off campus.
13. Explosives, Fireworks, and Weapons. Unauthorized use, possession, transportation or storage of any firearm(s), explosives (including fireworks), dangerous chemicals or other weapons while on the College campus or at a College-sponsored activity. A harmless instrument designed to look like a firearm, explosive, or dangerous or illegal weapon that is used by or is in the possession of a person is included in the above-mentioned prohibition. Any object or substance designed to (or which would be reasonably expected to) inflict a wound, cause injury, incapacitate, or cause death, including (without limitation) all firearms (loaded and unloaded, simulated and real), devices designed to expel a projectile (such as BB guns, air guns, and pellet guns), electronic control devices (such as Tasers or stun guns), knives with blades four (4) inches or longer in length, martial arts weapons, bows and arrows, and chemicals (such as Mace, tear gas, or oleoresin capsicum), but excluding normally available over-the counter, self-defense chemical repellents. See [Policy 2.33](#).
14. Fire Hazards. Misusing, disabling, or damaging fire safety equipment, creating a fire hazard, or initiating or causing to be initiated any false report, warning, or threat of fire, explosion, or other dangerous conditions on any College campus or at a College-sponsored activity. Any student found tampering with fire detection or suppression equipment within residence hall buildings or individual student rooms will be automatically evicted from the residence halls.
15. Interference with Free Speech or Movement. Unlawfully interfering with the freedom of expression of others on the College campus or at a College-sponsored activity, or the movement of others on College campus, which includes pedestrian and vehicular traffic.
16. Gambling. Gambling as prohibited by law defined in A.R.S. § 13-3301 through 3312.
17. Furnishing False Information. Providing false information to any College Official.
18. Unauthorized Alteration. Forgery, unauthorized, or improper use of any College document, record or instrument of identification, or any other document, record or instrument presented to obtain College services or benefits.

19. Failure To Comply. Not complying with the direction(s) of College Officials or law enforcement officers acting in the performance of their duties, and/or failure to identify oneself when requested to do so.
20. Keys and Key Cards. Unauthorized possession, duplication, or use of keys or key cards to access any College premises or, unauthorized entry in or use of the College campus, facilities or property.
21. Smoking.
 - a. Smoking is only allowed on Yavapai College campuses within a limited number of designated outdoor areas. These areas are clearly marked with signage and furnished with tobacco product waste receptacles. Smoking includes, but is not limited to: carrying a lighted or smoldering cigarette, cigar, pipe, inhaling e-cigarettes, and vaporizers. Use of smokeless tobacco products, including but not limited to snuff and chew, is prohibited within College vehicles, buildings, and residence halls. [See Policy 10.09.](#)
 - b. No student under 21 may possess or use any tobacco or nicotine products. Possession, use, or distribution of tobacco, vaping, nicotine, and related products by individuals under 21 on campus, on college-owned housing or at college sponsored events is prohibited.
22. Computer Facilities and Technology Resource Standards. All student users of Yavapai College technology resources must abide by the College Acceptable Use Policy and Technology Resources Standards. Additionally, Illegal Peer-to-Peer file sharing is prohibited on any computer network at Yavapai College. Prohibited activity includes the illegal downloading or sharing of copyrighted materials, including music, games and videos. Other prohibited activity includes, but is not limited to, theft or other abuse of computer facilities and resources, such as unauthorized entry into a file to read or change the contents, or for any other improper purpose, unauthorized transfer of a file, use of another individual's identification and password, use of computing facilities and resources to interfere with the work of another student, faculty member or College official, use of computing facilities to send obscene or abusive messages, use of computing facilities to interfere with normal operations of the College computing system, use of computing facilities and resources in violation of copyright laws. See [Policy 5.26](#) and [Policy 5.27.](#)
23. Invasion of Privacy. Photographing, videotaping, filming, digitally recording, or by any other means secretly viewing, with or without a device, another person without that person's consent in any location where the person has a reasonable expectation of privacy, or in a manner that violates a reasonable expectation of privacy. This section does not apply to lawful security or surveillance filming or recording that is authorized by law enforcement or authorized college officials.
24. Violation of Law or College Policy. Violation of any federal or state law, city ordinance or College Policy, Procedure or Rule that occurs on the College premises or at a College-sponsored activity, or affects and negatively impacts the operation of the College.
25. Housing Violations. Violating policies outlined in the Housing Handbook, Housing License or Housing Terms and Conditions. This applies to students residing in the residence halls and their guests as well as students living in other housing owned/controlled by Yavapai College.

26. Violations of Academic Integrity. This includes, but is not limited to, acts of academic dishonesty, such as plagiarism, the prohibited use of generative artificial intelligence (AI), cheating, fabrication, and the facilitation of academic dishonesty. See Section XII below under Academic Violations.
27. Classroom Misconduct. See Section XII below under Academic Violations and [Policy 3.16](#).
28. Student Conduct System. Abuse or failure to comply with the student conduct process, including, but not limited to the following:
 - a. Falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation of information;
 - b. Failure to obey the summons or directive of the Student Conduct Officer, the Hearing Officer or other College Official;
 - c. Disruption or interference with the orderly process of a conduct proceeding;
 - d. Attempting to influence the impartiality of the Student Conduct Officer or reviewer on appeal;
 - e. Initiating a Student Conduct proceeding without cause or in bad faith;
 - f. Failure to comply with the sanctions imposed under the Code of Conduct;
 - g. Verbal or physical harassment and/or intimidation of anyone involved with the student conduct process.

SECTION VII: INITIAL STUDENT CONDUCT PROCEDURES

A. FILING A COMPLAINT OR REPORT

Discipline under the Code of Conduct usually commences with filing a written complaint or incident report. The incident report form is available online by searching “incident report” on the Yavapai College website or can be filed in person with the Student Conduct Officer or designee. The report must describe the alleged misconduct and be filed with the Student Conduct Officer or designee.

Upon review of the complaint, the Student Conduct Officer, in consultation with the Associate Vice President of Student Affairs or designee, may determine that temporary action must be taken immediately to prevent potentially dangerous or damaging behavior. This determination is not an indication of a final ruling on the merits of the complaint or on whether a violation has occurred. The temporary action usually takes one of two forms: a temporary cease and desist notice is a warning to a student regarding alleged misconduct and an order to refrain from inducing or participating in any violation of the Code. A second temporary action which may be taken is an interim suspension. A student may be directed to vacate College housing, and/or to stay off campus, if the Student Conduct Officer or designee determines that the continued presence of the student presents a potential danger to himself or herself, or to any other person or campus property or if the student presents a threat of substantial disruption. If a student is directed to stay off campus or vacate College housing, the student must provide contact information instructing the College of how he or she can be reached during the disciplinary action procedures.

B. INITIAL REVIEW OF COMPLAINT, SELECTION OF REVIEW PROCEDURE

Once a complaint or report is received by the Student Conduct Officer, the Student Conduct Officer will ascertain which resolution process is appropriate. Complaints concerning student conduct will be handled using one of the procedures listed below, as appropriate to the nature of the complaint.

1. Violations of Academic Integrity and Classroom Misconduct may be resolved by following the complaint review and appeal procedures provided Section XII under Academic Violations and as described in [Policy 3.16](#).
2. Discrimination, Prohibited Harassment or Retaliation by a student in violation of law or College policy will be addressed using the complaint, hearing and appeal procedures described in the following policies: [Policy 10.14](#) for Title IX violations and [Policy 10.05](#) for conduct that does not fall under Title IX violations.
3. All other charges of misconduct may be resolved informally or formally using the complaint, hearing and appeal procedures as provided in the Code of Conduct below in Section VIII. Note that some academic violations and classroom misconduct may be referred to the Student Conduct Office by the instructional Dean. If the charges involve free speech or expressive conduct and the sanctions proposed include either a college suspension of more than thirty days or college expulsion as a potential sanction, the student, at his or her expense, will have the right to have legal counsel present to serve as an advisor at any formal hearing.

SECTION VIII: DISCIPLINE PROCEDURES FOR NON-ACADEMIC VIOLATIONS

MEETING WITH ACCUSED STUDENT

Once a complaint has been determined to allege a non-academic violation, the Student Conduct Officer or designee will meet with the accused student, after giving a written notice sent to the student's YC email address. The written notice will provide notice of the time and place of the meeting and its purpose. The written notice will advise the student of the allegations made, and the sections of the Student Code which were allegedly violated. At the meeting, the Conduct Officer will give the student an opportunity to respond. Informal resolution may be discussed. After this meeting, the Conduct Officer will make a written determination which may include:

- A determination to dismiss the conduct proceedings, based upon a determination that there has been no violation.
- A determination of an informal resolution agreement, if one has been achieved, between the student and the Student Conduct Officer including any sanctions imposed. The informal resolution agreement is final and may not be appealed. If a resolution agreement is made and the student fails to comply with the agreement, higher level sanctions or restrictions may result.
- A determination that the student has violated the Student Code of Conduct and an informal resolution was not achieved. The Conduct Officer will make a finding of the recommended sanction(s) consistent with the nature and seriousness of the violation(s). The Student Conduct Officer will inform the accused student of the right to a formal hearing as provided below under the section entitled "Formal Hearing."

FORMAL HEARING

When the Student Conduct Officer determines that the accused student may have engaged in misconduct and no informal resolution is reached or appropriate, the student shall have five (5) business days from the date of the Student Conduct Officer's written determination to request a formal hearing. A request for a formal hearing by the student must be in writing and submitted to the Student Conduct Officer.

After receiving the student's request for a formal hearing, the Student Conduct Officer will give the accused student written notice of the time, date and location of the hearing. The notice will describe the alleged misconduct, the code provisions allegedly violated, and the potential sanctions which may be imposed. The notice will also inform the student that the student may choose to accept responsibility for the alleged misconduct, to waive the formal conduct hearing, and to accept sanctions recommended by the Student Conduct Officer without the necessity of a formal hearing. The notice and a copy of the Code of Conduct shall be delivered to the student via the student scholar email system which confirms receipt at least five (5) business days prior to the hearing date. Students may voluntarily waive the right to a full week's notice and accept an earlier hearing.

ACCESS TO EVIDENCE

In all cases, the accused student shall have access to the complaint and any investigation report, notes, or other relevant evidence that may be presented at the hearing. The student will not have access to the personal files or records of any other student or the personnel files of College employees.

No less than five (5) business days prior to the hearing, the accused student and the Student Conduct Officer shall provide one another with a copy of all evidence each party intends to submit to the Hearing Officer at the hearing. This would include, but not be limited to, the following:

- Formal correspondence from the Student Conduct Office sent to the accused student,
- Formal correspondence from the accused student sent to the Student Conduct Office,
- Investigatory summary report(s)
- Witness Statement(s)
- Images, videos, audio files, social media posts, and/or texts related to the alleged violation(s)

CONDUCT HEARING OFFICER

The hearing will be conducted by a neutral Hearing Officer appointed by the College.

WHO MAY ATTEND THE FORMAL HEARING

- The Hearing Officer,
- The accused student,
- The Victim (if one exists),
- An advisor to the student, which may include legal counsel,
- The Student Conduct Officer or designee who will serve as the representative of the College and who will present the case on behalf of the administration,
- Witnesses called by the accused student or the College representative, and
- The College legal counsel.

Other exceptions are at the discretion of the Hearing Officer and may include the parents of a minor student, a language interpreter, a coach or academic advisor, a recorder, and campus police. These individuals may observe and provide support, but may not actively participate at the Hearing. Witnesses are not permitted to attend the hearing except during the time they are providing testimony. A record of the hearing will be kept by electronic means.

Any advisor or legal counsel to the student may not actively participate but may provide advice to the student in a non-disruptive manner. Whether the advisor is disruptive will be determined at the sole discretion of the Hearing Officer. If the student is represented by legal counsel, the student must inform the Student Conduct Officer at least five (5) business days prior to the hearing.

PROCEDURES AT THE FORMAL HEARING

Court rules or formal rules of evidence do not apply to conduct hearings. The hearing will be held as outlined below:

1. The charges are read to the parties by the Hearing Officer.
2. Brief opening statements may be made by the accused student and the Student Conduct Officer.
3. The Student Conduct Officer presents witnesses, written statements or other evidence. The student and Hearing Officer may ask questions of the Student Conduct Officer or any witness.
4. The accused student presents oral or written statements or other evidence. The Student Conduct Officer and Hearing Officer may ask questions of the accused student or any witnesses.
5. Copies of any documents presented at the hearing, including any witness statements or other written statements, must be provided to both the Student Conduct Officer and the accused student.
6. The parties may make a brief closing statement.

Upon completion of the hearing, the Hearing Officer will reach a decision based on a Preponderance of the Evidence and provide written notification to the student within ten (10) business days which determines whether it is more likely than unlikely that a violation of the Code occurred, and if so, what disciplinary sanction will be imposed. The Hearing Officer may impose sanctions different from those recommended by the Conduct Officer, but the sanctions may not be more severe than those described in the Notice of Hearing. Disciplinary records will be kept as part of the student conduct record keeping system.

FAILURE TO APPEAR

If the student fails to appear for the formal hearing, a hearing may proceed, and sanctions may be imposed as determined appropriate. The date of the hearing may be continued for good cause at the sole discretion of the Hearing Officer.

SECTION IX: TEMPORARY ACTIONS

INTERIM SUSPENSION

In cases that involve serious threats, risk of disruption to Ordinary College Operations, or physical violence, the Associate Vice President of Student Affairs, or Campus Police Chief, or their respective designees, may, without prior notice, immediately issue an Interim Suspension to the accused student.

During the Interim Suspension, the student may be trespassed and denied access to the residence halls, and/or to the campus (including classes), and/or all other College activities or privileges for which the student might otherwise be eligible, as The Associate Vice President of Student Affairs or Campus Police Chief or designee, may determine to be appropriate.

A student suspended on an interim basis shall be given an opportunity, if requested in writing, to have an informal hearing before the Associate Vice President of Student Affairs, or designee, either before the imposition of an interim suspension, or as soon as possible thereafter, and in all cases within five

(5) days from the effective date of the interim suspension. This informal hearing shall then be held only on the following issues:

- The reliability of the information concerning the student's conduct and any issue related to the identity of the student *and*
- Whether the conduct and surrounding circumstances reasonably indicate that the continued presence of the student on the College campus poses an imminent threat to any individual or to the stability and continuance of any normal College function.

A student suspended on an interim basis will be allowed (1) to schedule and take make-up exams which are to occur during the suspension period and (2) to turn in assignments which are due during the suspension period without penalty.

SECTION X: SANCTIONS

One or more of the following sanctions may be imposed for any violation of the Student Code of Conduct. Appropriate College Officials shall be notified of the imposition of sanctions. These sanctions will be imposed on a case-by-case basis and are not necessarily cumulative.

1. **Warning:** A notice in writing to the student that he or she is violating or has violated institutional regulations and that further misconduct may result in more severe disciplinary action.
2. **Cease and Desist Notice:** A cease-and-desist notice is a warning to a student regarding alleged misconduct and an order to refrain from inducing or participating in any violation of the Code or an order to refrain from contacting other student(s) or employee(s).
3. **Loss of Privileges:** Denial of specified privileges for a designated period of time.
4. **Restitution:** Compensation for loss, damage, or injury. Forms of restitution include required service, imposition of fines, monetary payment and/or material replacement payable to or provided for the benefit of the College persons, groups, departments or organizations.
5. **Discretionary Sanctions:** Work assignments, essays, service to the College or other related discretionary assignments such as educational interventions intended as a learning experience.
6. **Administrative Hold:** A status documented in the Registrar's official file which precludes the student from registering, or from graduating until clearance has been received from the Associate Vice President of Student Affairs or designee, in accordance with College policies.
7. **Restricted or Prohibited Access to College Property:** A student's access may be restricted or prohibited for a specified period of time or until certain conditions are met.
8. **Residence Hall Eviction:** A student may be evicted from the Residence Halls for violating the Student Code of Conduct. If evicted, a student will be trespassing from entering the Residence Halls and its adjacent areas (parking lot, sidewalks, etc.).
9. **College Probation:** A written reprimand for specified violations which references the probability of more severe disciplinary sanctions, including but not limited to College suspension or expulsion, if the student engages in future violations during a designated period of time (the probationary period). Probation may include forfeiture of campus privileges. The permanent notification may appear on the student's transcript.

10. **College Suspension:** Separation of the student from the College for a defined period of time after which the student is eligible to return. Conditions for readmission may be specified. Except where any administrative decision under this Code indicates otherwise, a student suspended under this Code shall not participate in any College-sponsored activity, may be barred from any College campus, and may be prohibited, during the specified period of time, from attending off-campus College activities.
11. **College Expulsion:** Permanent exclusion of the student from the College. The student will also be barred from any College campus and be prohibited from attending off-campus College activities. The incident will permanently remain on file in Associate Vice President of Student Affairs' Office. An indication of expulsion may appear on the student's transcript.
12. **Trespass:** An action authorized only by the Associate Vice President of Student Affairs, designee or Campus Police that restricts an individual's access to a specified location, campus or college sponsored event.
13. **Withholding or Revocation of Certificate/Degree:** The College may withhold or revoke a certificate or degree if it was obtained through fraud, misrepresentation, or other violations of College academic standards. A certificate or degree may be withheld on an interim basis pending the outcome of an investigation and conduct resolution process. If a finding confirms that a violation occurred, the College reserves the right to permanently withhold or revoke the certificate or degree.
14. **Referral to Campus Safety and Legal Measures:** Yavapai College may refer conduct violations to Campus Safety and other law enforcement agencies as well as pursue legal measures and actions.

SECTION XI: APPEALS PROCESS FOR NON-ACADEMIC VIOLATIONS

If either party disagrees with the decision made by the Hearing Officer following a formal hearing, the party may appeal for one of the following reasons only:

1. A failure to follow provisions of the Student Code of Conduct or other applicable procedures, provided that the failure adversely affected the party in a serious, substantive manner;
2. Newly discovered evidence that could not have reasonably been discovered prior to the hearing;
3. The sanction is not commensurate with or proportional to the nature and/or seriousness of the violation.

Appeals must be presented in writing to the Associate Vice President of Student Affairs or designee within five (5) business days from the date of the decision from the Hearing Officer. The appeal must state specifically which of the three grounds for appeal applies and present any written argument together with a requested result. No new witnesses or documentary evidence will be considered unless directly related to the interpretation of newly discovered evidence. The Associate Vice President of Student Affairs or designee will review the record and any new evidence and issue a written decision on the appeal within ten (10) business days.

The decision of the appeal by the Associate Vice President of Student Affairs or designee, is final unless the sanction imposed includes college expulsion, college suspension, eviction from residence halls, restricted or prohibited access to college property or withholding or revocation of a degree. In

these cases, the student may request a review of the record by the Vice President of Student Affairs or designee within five (5) business days of the date of the Associate Vice President of Student Affairs or designee's decision. The Vice President of Student Affairs or designee may uphold the decision, modify the decision, or remand for further steps as deemed appropriate. A decision shall be issued within ten (10) business days of the Vice President's receipt of the request for review and will be considered final with no further review. A request for appeal will suspend any proposed sanctions until the appeal is finally decided.

SECTION XII: ACADEMIC VIOLATIONS

The following are academic conduct violations subject to academic disciplinary sanctions:

1. CLASSROOM MISCONDUCT

Failure to treat faculty, fellow students, or others associated with the learning environment with respect may result in disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal from the class or College. Respectful behavior, professional communication, and academic integrity are expected of all Yavapai College students. Threatening, intimidating, or bullying behavior is not acceptable in any learning or support environment. All communication (e.g., email, text message, written, oral) must be civil, respectful, and professional.

Examples of classroom misconduct include but are not limited to, use of vulgarity or profanity in learning activities; repeated outbursts which interferes with the flow of instruction or which prevents concentration on the subject taught; failure to follow classroom rules and procedures, the presence of non-enrolled visitors in the classroom without the instructor's advance approval, or the continued use of any noise or light-emitting device which disturbs or interrupts the concentration of others (e.g., disturbing noises from text messaging, cell phones, laptop computers, games, etc.).

Special note: Disruptive behavior does not include civil expression or disagreement with the course instructor or other students in the class during times of discussion. Some disruptive students may have documented disabilities. Students with documented disabilities are held to the same standards of conduct as any student, subject to reasonable accommodation by the College.

Classroom management issues, including disruptive behavior, shall be managed by the instructor with the assistance of the supervising instructional Dean, if necessary. If a student's conduct is deemed in need of action beyond removal from class or grade reduction, the student will be referred by the supervising instructional Dean to the Office of Student Conduct & Community Standards for disciplinary review under Section VII.

2. ACADEMIC INTEGRITY

Honesty in academic work is a central element of the learning environment. The presentation of another individual's work as one's own or the act of seeking unfair academic advantage through cheating, plagiarism, the prohibited use of generative AI, or other dishonest means, are violations of the Code of Conduct and will result in disciplinary action. Academic violations include, but are not limited to:

- a. Plagiarism. Defined as submitting any academic work which is not entirely the work of the student, deliberately or accidentally. This can include, but is not limited to, the prohibited use of generative AI, as well as other practices such as not giving proper attribution, citation, or acknowledgement to a source, expanding someone else's work without giving proper credit,

adopting another's work as one's own (including the copying of print or electronic media), directly using someone else's ideas without giving proper credit, and deliberately changing selective words to misrepresent someone else's work as one's own.

- b. **Cheating.** Defined as submitting assignments, examinations, or other work which is based on deception or misrepresentation of the individual's own work. Cheating includes actions that provide a person with an unfair academic advantage in the class such as the furnishing of materials to another person or to oneself for purposes of gaining an unfair academic advantage. Cheating includes, but is not limited to 1) the use of any unauthorized assistance in taking quizzes, tests, or examinations; 2) use of sources or materials beyond those authorized by the instructor in writing papers, preparing reports, solving problems, or carrying out other assignments; 3) the use or acquisition, without permission, of tests or other academic material belonging to a member of the College faculty or staff; 4) engaging in any behavior specifically prohibited by a faculty member in the course syllabus or class discussion.
- c. **Fabrication.** Intentional and unauthorized falsification or invention of any information or citation in an academic exercise.
- d. **Violation of Copyright.** Defined as the unauthorized reproduction or use of copyrighted material, whether print or electronic media. In addition, the violator may be subject to legal penalty since such practice is illegal.

SECTION XIII: PENALTIES FOR ACADEMIC VIOLATIONS

The following penalties may be applied in instances of Academic Conduct Violations (e.g., academic dishonesty, unacceptable behavior in the learning environment, or disrespectful communication):

- 1. **Removal from Class:** An instructor may remove a student from a class meeting or learning environment for misconduct. This action shall be immediately reported to the supervising instructional Dean. The student may return to class only after meeting with both the instructor and the supervising instructional Dean.
- 2. **Reduced Grade, or Grade of "F" (failure):** An instructor may assign a reduced grade or a grade of "F" for a specific assignment where misconduct occurred, or for the entire course depending upon the severity of the misconduct. This penalty may be applied regardless of how long the student has been enrolled in the class and will override any student-initiated withdrawal from the course.
- 3. **Course Dismissal:** An instructor may request the permanent removal of a student from their course due to repeated or severe misconduct, with prior approval from the supervising instructional Dean. The Dean will coordinate with the Registrar's Office to record an administrative withdrawal on the student's transcript.
- 4. **Referral to the Code of Conduct Procedures (Section VII):** The supervising instructional Dean may refer a student's academic violation(s) to the Student Conduct Office when a student's conduct warrants action beyond a grade reduction, removal from class, or dismissal from a course. Such referrals may lead to an investigation, conduct meeting or hearing, and sanctions under Section VII, which may include, but not be limited to, College probation, suspension, expulsion, or the withholding or revocation of a College degree or certificate.

5. **Referral to Campus Safety and Other Legal Measures:** The College may refer cases involving academic misconduct to Campus Safety or appropriate law enforcement agencies when the conduct violates criminal law or poses a threat to the safety or security of the College community. The College may also pursue other legal actions as necessary.

SECTION XIV: APPEALS PROCESS FOR ACADEMIC DECISIONS

Under [Policy 3.16](#), students may appeal academic or instructional decisions they believe were made in error. Appeals must follow established procedures and timelines, and may address issues such as grade assignments, removal from class, or other course requirements. A student may appeal only decisions that affect them directly and must represent themselves. Documentation showing that the decision was incorrect or made in error is required.

Step 1: The first step in the appeal process is for the student to contact the faculty member who made the academic or instructional decision. This contact must be made within ten (10) business days of the official notification date of the decision. For appeals concerning a final grade, official notification is the date the grade is posted to the student's permanent record.

Step 2: In the event the faculty member and student are unable to reach a mutual agreement within ten (10) business days, the student may then appeal to the appropriate Academic Dean.

The appeal to the Academic Dean must be made in writing within 10 business days using the official online form called [Academic or Instructional Decision Appeal Form](#). All documentation supporting the reason for the appeal must be provided at the time the appeal is submitted. The appeal must succinctly describe the issues involved, evidence that an error was made, and any relevant information. Missing, incomplete or erroneous information may cause the appeal to be rejected.

Step 3: The Academic Dean will review the student's appeal and make a decision based on the documentation provided by the student, the faculty member, and other relevant information that may include meetings with appropriate individuals. The Academic Dean's investigation and decision must be concluded within ten (10) business days of the date the student appealed the decision to the Academic Dean. The Academic Dean will provide written documentation of the decision to the student and faculty member. The decision of the Academic Dean is final.

SECTION XV: DEFINITIONS

In this Code of Conduct, unless the context otherwise provides or requires:

Accused student means a student or student organization accused of violating this Code.

Board means the Yavapai County Community College District Governing Board.

Business Day means any day that the College administrative offices are open for business.

College means Yavapai College, under the governance of the District Governing Board of the Yavapai County Community College District.

College Community Member means enrolled students, administrative and staff personnel, members of the faculty and all other College employees.

College Official means any person employed by the College performing assigned administrative or professional responsibilities, or any person affiliated with the College through a contracted service agreement acting in that capacity.

College Premises includes all land, buildings, facilities, and other property in the possession of or owned, used or controlled by the College, including adjacent streets and sidewalks.

College Property means all real and personal property: (1) owned by the College; or (2) in the possession of or subject to the control of the College.

College-Sponsored Activity means any activity on or off campus which is initiated, aided, authorized, sanctioned or supervised by the College.

Conduct Officer or designee means the Student Affairs Staff who determines whether a student has violated the Code and imposes appropriate sanctions.

Distribution means sale or exchange whether or not for personal profit.

Faculty means all employees of Yavapai College in teaching or service whose notice of appointment is that of full-time or adjunct faculty or is designated as faculty on the notice of employment.

Generative Artificial Intelligence (AI) is a category of artificial intelligence algorithms that is capable of generating new outputs based on the data they have been trained on. Unlike traditional AI systems that are designed to recognize patterns and make predictions, generative AI creates new content in the form of text, images, or other media. Some examples of generative AI tools include, but are not limited to, ChatGPT, Google Bard, Microsoft Copilot, Stable Diffusion, GrammarlyGo and Adobe Firefly.

Hearing Officer is a neutral decision maker duly appointed by the College.

Ordinary College Operations means all day-to-day business and other functions of the College, including, but not limited to, academic instruction, administrative services, performance of employment responsibilities, facilities maintenance and grounds-keeping, creative activity, community events, campus safety and security, and the maintenance of a College-wide environment that is open, accessible, and welcoming to the College Community.

Policy means the written policies, regulations or rules of the College as found in, but not limited to, the Code of Conduct, Student Academic Program Handbook Housing Handbooks, Standards of Residence, Computer Acceptable Use policy, the College Catalog and College Website.

Preponderance of the Evidence means the Hearing Officer or decision-maker must determine that, based on the available credible information, it is more likely than not (i.e., there is a greater than 50% chance) a student engaged in the conduct alleged in violation of the Code of Conduct.

Reckless means conduct which one should reasonably be expected to know would create a substantial risk of harm to persons or property or which would otherwise be likely to result in interference with College or College-sponsored activities.

Student means any person currently enrolled in courses at the College on either a full-time or part-time basis, as well as any person currently registered for or participating in continuing education classes through the College. Continuing education is a student type, attending non-credit at Yavapai College that does not lead to a degree or certificate. The Yavapai College Code of Conduct applies to all students, except a faculty member or employees who takes any course as a privilege of employment.

Victim means an individual who is reported or alleged to have experienced harm or misconduct as a result of the actions of the accused student.

Weapon means any object or substance designed or used in a manner which would be likely to wound, cause injury or incapacitate, including, without limitation, all firearms, pellet guns, knives with blades four (4) or more inches in length, and chemicals such as “mace” or tear-gas, but excluding normally available over-the-counter self-defense chemical repellents.

SECTION XVI: RECORDS

Student disciplinary records shall be maintained as provided in the appropriate record retention policy. Student disciplinary records shall be maintained and disclosed in compliance with the requirements of FERPA (Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act).